

Poincare Journal of Analysis & Applications Vol. 7(1), 2020, 151-152 ©Poincare Publishers

## CORRIGENDUM: ON CONVOLUTION OF BOAS TRANSFORM OF WAVELETS

NIKHIL KHANNA<sup>†</sup> AND LEENA KATHURIA

Date of Receiving : 28. 03. 2020

The paper [1] requires some clarifications. In Theorem 3.3 and Theorem 3.7, we assumed  $G(x) = \int_{-1-x}^{1-x} \widehat{\psi^{(1)}}(\gamma) d\gamma$ . This was incorrect. The correct value is given by  $G(x) = \int_{-1}^{1} (1 - \frac{1}{|\gamma|}) e^{-2\pi i \gamma x} \widehat{\psi_2^{(1)}}(-\gamma) d\gamma$ . For clarity we give the statements of these two theorems and also first few corrected lines of the proof of Theorem 3.3.

**Theorem 3.3.** Let  $\psi_1, \psi_2$  be wavelets such that

(i)  $\psi_i, \hat{\psi}_i \in L^1(\mathbb{R})$  for i = 1, 2,

(ii)  $\hat{\psi}_2(0) = 0$  and  $\psi_2^{(1)} \in L^1(\mathbb{R})$ , and

(iii)  $\int_{\mathbb{R}} x^q G(x) \, dx = 0$ , for  $0 \le q \le n$ , where  $G(x) = \int_{-1}^1 (1 - \frac{1}{|\gamma|}) e^{-2\pi i \gamma x} \widehat{\psi_2^{(1)}}(-\gamma) \, d\gamma$ . If  $\psi_1$  and  $\psi_2$  have m and n vanishing moments, respectively, then  $\mathcal{B}\{\psi_1 * \psi_2\}$  has (m+n) vanishing moments provided that  $x^n \psi_2(x) \in L^2(\mathbb{R})$ .

*Proof.* We have

$$\begin{split} \int_{\mathbb{R}} x^q \ \mathcal{B}\{\psi_1 * \psi_2\}(x) \ dx &= \sum_{p=0}^q {}^qC_p \ Mom_p(\psi_1) \left(Mom_{q-p}(\mathcal{H}\psi_2)\right. \\ &\quad -\int_{\mathbb{R}} x^{q-p} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \mathcal{F}\{\mathcal{H}T_{-x}\psi_2\}(-\gamma) \ \hat{g}(\gamma) \ d\gamma \ dx \right) \\ &= \sum_{p=0}^q {}^qC_p \ Mom_p(\psi_1) \left(Mom_{q-p}(\mathcal{H}\psi_2)\right. \\ &\quad + i \int_{\mathbb{R}} x^{q-p} \int_{-1}^1 \left(1 - \frac{1}{|\gamma|}\right) \mathcal{F}\{T_{-x}\psi_2^{(1)}\}(-\gamma) \ d\gamma \ dx \bigg). \end{split}$$

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 42A38, 42C40, 44A15, 44A60.

Communicated by. Shiv K. Kaushik

 $^{\dagger}\mathrm{Corresponding}$  author.



Key words and phrases. Boas transform; wavelets; Hilbert transform; Fourier transform; vanishing moments.