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## On some problems regarding growth analysis of composite entire and meromorphic function

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**Abstract.** In the paper we establish some new results depending on the comparative growth properties of composite entire or meromorphic functions using relative  $L^*$ -order, relative  $L^*$ -type and relative  $L^*$ -weak type.

## 1. Introduction, Definitions and Notations.

Let *f* be an entire function defined in the open complex plane  $\mathbb{C}$ . The maximum modulus function  $M_f(r)$  corresponding to *f* is defined on |z| = r as follows:

$$M_{f}(r) = \frac{\max}{|z| = r} |f(z)| .$$

When f is meromorphic,  $M_f(r)$  cannot be defined as f is not analytic throughout the complex plane. In this situation, one may introduce another function  $T_f(r)$  known as Nevanlinna's characteristic function of f, playing the same role as maximum modulus function in the following manner:

$$T_f(r) = N_f(r) + m_f(r),$$

where

$$N_{f}(r) = \int_{0}^{r} \frac{n_{f}(t) - n_{f}(0)}{t} dt + n_{f}(0) \log r$$

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